Chlamydia

- NM ranked 8th in the nation for chlamydia rates in 2011
- Chlamydia predominantly affects adolescents and young adults, with rates of infection highest among 20-14 year olds followed by 16-19 year olds.
- 86% of reported chlamydia cases are among persons ages 16-24 years
- Similar to national level data, chlamydia rates show health disparities: Chlamydia disproportionately affects African American, American Indian, and Hispanic populations in New Mexico
- 2012: Chlamydia rates in Dona Ana County were 703 per 100,000

Gonorrhea

- 63% of reported gonorrhea cases are among persons age 16-24 years
- New Mexico experienced a 2.3% increase in gonorrhea cases from 2011 to 2012, in comparison to the 50% increase in gonorrhea cases from 2010 to 2011
- Remaining at rates of infection previously seen in 2007
- Gonorrhea rates increased in age groups > 25 years from 2011 to 2012
- Rates in 2012 among women ages 15-19 decreased by 16% compared to 2011
- Rates in 2012 among men ages 20-24 up by 10% compared to 2011
- 2012: Gonorrhea rates in Dona Ana County were 106 per 100,000

HIV/AIDS

- During 2012, 121 adults and adolescents (ages 13 years and older) were diagnosed with HIV infection in New Mexico. This represents a decline of 10% from the number of persons diagnosed in 2011, and is the third year of decline following a peak in 2009.
- At the end of 2012, 2,902 people were living with HIV or Stage 3 (AIDS) in New Mexico; 62% of these persons had ever been classified as Stage 3 (AIDS).
- As a group, persons living with HIV/Stage 3 (AIDS) appeared much like those who were newly diagnosed, except that they tended to be White (39%), and somewhat older. More than one-half of persons living with HIV in New Mexico at the end of 2012 were 45 years or older, and one in four was 55 years or older.

Source: